CS 1.07 Implementing Restorative Practices within a Multi-Tiered System of Support Sheri Luecking Sheri.luecking@midwestpbis.org Midwest PBIS Network



THEORY

One of the basic premises of Restorative Practices is that "human beings are happier, more cooperative and productive, and more likely to make positive changes in their behavior when those in positions of authority do things **WITH** them, rather than to them or for them."

(Wachtel, 2005)





Social Discipline Window







Turn to your shoulder partner and discuss what it would look like/feel like if you were in a classroom where the teacher was primarily one of the below:

- 1. FOR: Permissive Practitioner Style
- 2. NOT: Neglectful Practitioner Style
- 3. TO: Punitive Practitioner Style
- 4. WITH: Restorative Practitioner Style



The Social Discipline Window

We are not all Restorative all of the time

People can move boxes

It's all about being self-aware and selfreflective

It's the cornerstone of everything we do



Think of a person who has had the greatest impact on you, a person you have respected the most in your life.

> When this person challenged you, when you did something wrong or weren't living up to your potential, how did this person treat you?

> > How did you first feel?



What's in a Word?

STIGMATIZING SHAME

Pushes the offender out of the community and labels them. The offender is now a bad person who committed a crime or harm. This label may follow them their whole lives. Since the offender is pushed out of the community, it encourages their participation in criminal subculture

REINTEGRATIVE SHAME

Expresses disapproval but does not push the offender out of the community. This type of shame rejects the act but not the person and allows for the person to be reintegrated back into the community.



Think of a time when your **shame affect** was triggered?

What is your first response? Talk to your shoulder partner





Compass of Shame

Restorative Practices

- Provide rituals and processes to do Tomkin's Blueprint
 - Maximize positive affect
 - Minimize negative affect
 - Freely express emotion
- Get youth off of the compass of shame
- Help us operate out of the "with" box



PRACTICES Preventative to Responsive





Restorative Practices in Schools are inspired by the philosophy and practices of restorative justice, which puts repairing harm done to relationships and people over and above the need for assigning blame and dispensing punishment.

Goals of restorative justice in schools

(Gonsoulin, Schiff, and Hatheway 2013)

- Create a restorative and inclusive school
 climate rather than a punitive one
- Decrease suspensions, expulsions, and disciplinary referrals by holding youth accountable for their actions through repairing harm and making amends
- To create opportunities for learning
 - Understanding about the impact of behavior on others (Costello, Wachtel, and Wachtel 2009)

Concerns with Restorative Practices

- Lacking scientific evidence
- Limited research
- Lacking a "standard" model
 - Non-replicable
- Lacking fidelity measures

We need to be able to answer these questions

- Which specific practices will we use?
- What problems are we trying to address?
- Who will use them?
- When will we use them?
- How will we know if we are doing them "right"?
- What outcomes are we looking for?
- How will we know if it's working?





a data-driven decision making framework for establishing the social culture and behavioral supports needed for a school to be an effective learning environment for all students and staff.

Increase Effectiveness and Efficiency
 Supports consistent adult behavior

✓ Process for Continuous Improvement

(USDOE OSEP PBIS TA Center, 2010)

Key Systems Features of MTSS

- Expectations for high quality, research-evidence based instruction in general education classrooms
- Universal, classroom-based screening to identify need for additional support
- Collaborative team-based approach to development, implementation, and evaluation of interventions
- Increasingly intense, multi-tiered application of an array of high-quality, evidence-based instruction matched to individual needs
- Continuous monitoring of progress to determine impact of interventions
- Expectations for parent involvement throughout the process

A CONTINUUM OF RESTORATIVE PRACTICES

A CONTINUUM OF SWPBIS PRACTICES

Intensive Intervention

Return from suspension Administrative transfer or school crime diversion: •Victim offender meetings •Family/community group conferences •Restitution

Early Intervention Restorative Conferencing to develop alternatives to suspension:

- Youth/peer court
- •Peer mediation
- •Conflict resolution training
- Restitution

Prevention & Skill Building

Peace-keeping circles for:

- Morning meetings
- •Social/emotional instruction
- Staff meetings



Intensive Intervention

- Function-based support
- Wraparound support
- "Person-centered"

Early Intervention

- Check-in/ Check-out
 - Social Skills Curricula
- Brief function-based problem solving

Prevention & Skill Building

- Define and teach expectations
- Establish consequence system (acknowledgments & discipline)
- Collection and use of data

MTSS/PBIS... Misconceptions

- Parties, assemblies and ice cream socials
- Rewarding youth (for doing things they should already know how to do)
- Enabling our youth
- People talking in really high voices and "being positive" all the time
- Childish
- Mascots on steroids
- It's only for "naughty" kids



So what is it?

DATA

- Data for decision-making vs. subjectivity
- Creating a culture of data

PRACTICES

- Continuum of interventions
- Evidence-based
- Implemented with fidelity

SYSTEMS

Improving adult effectiveness and efficiency

Social Competence & Academic Achievement



Supporting **Staff Behavior**

Adapted from "What is a systems Approach in school-wide PBS?"OSEP Technical Assistance on Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports. Accessed at http://www.Pbis.org/schoolwide.htm

Student Behavior

DATA

- Process for selecting which practices to install
- Process for checking fidelity of

implementation

 Process to assess student outcomes (grades, attendance, referrals, etc.)

SYSTEMS

- Leadership **Team**
- Implementing and monitoring initiatives
- **Outcome** and **fidelity measures** used to monitor implementation
- Process for selecting evidencebased practices
- Comprehensive Screening Measures
- **PD plan** that includes coaching and performance feedback

PRACTICES

- Continuum of evidence-based supports to meet student needs
- Screening process used to identify which youth should receive which supports
- **Process for layering up** supports/interventions to match level of intensity
 - Practices implemented with fidelity

MULTI-TIERED SYSTEM OF SUPPORTS FOR BEHAVIOR

~5% ~15%

Primary Prevention: School-/Classroom-Wide Systems for All Students, Staff, & Settings Tertiary Prevention: Specialized Individualized Systems for Students with High-Risk Behavior

Secondary Prevention: Specialized Group Systems for Students with At-Risk Behavior

- Students
- Staff
- Parents/Fa milies



Social Competence & Academic Achievement



Adapted from "What is a systems Approach in school-wide PBS?"OSEP Technical Assistance on Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports. Accessed at http://www.Pbis.org/schoolwide.htm

Supporting Student Behavior

Affective Language

- Students and staff use "I" statements (specific positive/corrective feedback) and link back to school-wide expectations
 - Behavior specific praise
 - Error correction
- All teachers using consistent Restorative Questions in their classrooms and connected to school-wide expectations
- All administrators use consistent Restorative chats in the office and connect to school-wide expectations

Affective Questions

Offender

- What happened?
- What were you thinking?
- Who was affected?
- How were they affected?
- What needs to happen to make things right?

Offended

- What did you think when you realized what happened?
- What impact has this had on you and others?
- What has been the hardest thing for you?
- What do you think needs to happen to make things right?

What if **every Admin** asked the exact same questions every single time?



• How would this consistency benefit the staff?



Circles

- Morning community check-ins as a class connected to classroom practices/routines and procedures
- To teach academics
- To teach social skills
 - Behavioral Lesson Plans
 - Social Academic Instructional Groups
- Response to classroom incidents connected to schoolwide expectations
- School-wide response to crisis



Conferences

- Processing incidents between two parties that would require admin involvement- connected to school-wide expectations
 - Develop plan to prevent future occurrences
- Re-integration after disciplinary action
 - Reintegration after hospitalization
- Unique teams of home, school, communityconnected to Tier III Wraparound plans





Where will they fit into your triangle?



STAFF TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR RESTORATIVE PRACTICES

Tier 1

- Train ALL staff in Restorative Thinking
- All staff experience RP Circles
- Train all staff in leading proactive/community building circles

~15%

Tier 3

- Train FEW staff in facilitating Formalized Conferences
 - (Administrators, Clinicians, other selected staff)

Tier 2

- Train SOME staff in
 - Facilitating Conferences
 - Facilitating Responsive Circles

How do you ensure staff will know WHY they are doing the practices and HOW to do them?


- Family-Child-Team Meetings
- FBA/BIP
- Restorative Conferencing
- Mentors/Community Partners support in classroom
- Mediation
- CBITS
- Social work groups
- Gentlemens'/Ladies' Club
- SAIGs
- ACTIONS plans
- CICO
- Restorative Chats (outside class)
- Expectations
- Cool Tools
- Circles
- SEL Lessons
- Positive and negative consequences
- Restorative Chats area classroom
- Community supports/dentistry/ med/food pantry

Champaign Unit #4 School District (Garden Hills)

Champaign Unit #4 School District Garden Hills, IL

RP Activities

- 1. Vice Principal and Principal got trained in RP
- 2. Created a book study for the staff
- 3. Created morning schedule for Community Building Circles school wide
- 4. Walked the building each morning to make sure circles were happening like they were supposed to
- 5. Asked students how welcome they felt- to start gauging impact

PBIS Systems

- 1. Professional development
- 2. Professional development
- 3. Prioritizing
- 4. Fidelity
- 5. Impact

Professional Development Plan (Example)

Practice / Support	When it will begin	Follow-up support
Leadership Trained in Restorative Practices	Summer 2018	Coaching by trained RP leaders three times a year
Leadership trains staff and starts utilizing Restorative Practices with Staff (affective language and community- building circles)	Fall 2018	Booster messages every month
Leadership Team trains youth in concepts of Restorative Practices	Spring 2018	Integrated into behavioral lesson plans once a quarter
All Teachers utilizing affective language and facilitating community-building circles with all youth	Fall 2019	Check-ins at staff meetings, quarterly morning roundtables
All staff trained and tracking data on agreed upon data pts.	Fall 2019	Boosters on data systems as needed

Professional Development Plan (Example)

Practice / Support	When it will begin	Follow-up support
All Administration utilizing (and tracking) restorative chats during office-managed behavioral incidents	Fall 2019	Coaching by trained RP leaders twice a year
Leadership trains all staff on classroom restorative chats	Summer 2019	Booster messages every month
All teachers utilizing (and tracking) restorative chats in all classrooms	Spring 2020	Peer observations & coaching quarterly
Leadership trains smaller group of staff on restorative circles and restorative conferencing	Spring 2020	Coaching monthly
Staff utilizing (and tracking) restorative circles and restorative conferencing	Fall 2021	Coaching monthly

Sample Evaluation Plan Jefferson County Project

Restorative Practices Evaluation Plan – Milestones Year 1



- RP Data Collection Events
- State/District Mandated Data Collection Events

Jefferson Co., KY

RP Activities

- Collaboratively updated RP curriculum with IIRP to include BOTH RP and PBIS Strategies
- 2. Trained Leadership & Coaches
- 3. Created plan for cohort-wide training, and coaching
- 4. Trained schools
- 5. Conducted walk-throughs to see RP and PBIS in action
- 6. Looking at cohort-wide referrals, suspensions, student climate surveys

PBIS Systems

- 1. Alignment
- 2. Professional Development
- 3. Professional Development
- 4. Prioritization
- 5. Professional Development
- 6. Fidelity
- 7. Impact

How will we know if we are implementing the practices with fidelity?

How will we know if youth are responding/they are working?



	Critical reatures of Community-Building Cir		In Place	Not in Place		s the Evidence cumentation	e /	
١.	Circle Facilitator has received Development on how to lead							
2.	Room structured in the shape	e of a circle						
3.	A clearly definable "Talking F utilized to ensure talking one active listening took place							
4.	Students shared feelings, ide experiences, etc. in order to mutual understanding, share values/behaviors	build trust,						
5.	Every person was offered the share or pass	opportunity						1
6.	A purposerul, clearly defined	closing took						1
	place							
	place]
	Student Outcomes % per 100 students	Baseline	Time 1	Time 2	Time 3			J
	Student Outcomes % per 100 students Office Discipline Referrals	Baseline]
TOTAL (ODRs	Student Outcomes % per 100 students Office Discipline Referrals	Baseline]
TOTAL (ODRs ODRs	Student Outcomes % per 100 students Office Discipline Referrals	Baseline]
TOTAL (ODRs ODRs ODRs	Student Outcomes % per 100 students Office Discipline Referrals s) for Aggression	Baseline						
TOTAL (ODRs ODRs ODRs OUT of	Student Outcomes % per 100 students Office Discipline Referrals s) for Aggression for Disrespect	Baseline						
TOTAL (ODRs ODRs ODRs OUT of	Student Outcomes % per 100 students Office Discipline Referrals s) for Aggression for Disrespect f School Suspensions		1 Time	2	3 Time			
TOTAL (ODRs ODRs ODRs Out of Fic	Student Outcomes % per 100 students Office Discipline Referrals s) for Aggression for Disrespect f School Suspensions delity of Implementation		1 Time	2	3 Time			

Appendix C – Classroom Observation Rubric RESTORATIVE PRACTICES CLASSROOM OBSERVATION TOOL

Date:	Time	Location	Grade	41b	ICDC
Subject	Number of students:	Observer			JUPS
Teacher					nternational Institute or Restorative Practices

S

Restorative Practices				
	Yes	No	N/A	MIDWE
Affective Statements				P B I
 A personal expression of feelings in response to others' positive or negative behavior 				NETWOI
 Provide feedback on the impact and scope of intended or unintended harm 				
 "Expressing your feelings" 				
Ex. "I feel happy when"				
Restorative Questions-Help				
 Questions that promote reflection in order to help those harmed by others' actions 				
 Elicit what a student is thinking and feeling 				
 Ex. "What impact has this incident had on you and others?" 				
Restorative Questions – Challenging Behaviors				
 Questions that promote reflection in order to respond to challenging behaviors 				
 Elicit what a student is thinking and feeling 				
 Helps students to understand the impact of theirs' and others' behavior 				
 Ex. "What were you thinking of at the time?" 				
Teacher "with" style is dominant (at least 10 minutes)				
 High requirements/expectations as well as High support/encouragement/nurturing 				
 Engage students in a participatory process 				
 Both teacher and students are held accountable for change 				
Community Building Game/Activity				
 A group event in which the goal is to promote unity/team building 				
Community Circle (complete Circle Observation Form)				
Responsive Circle (complete Circle Observation Form)				MI DWE P BX
Academic Circle (complete Circle Observation Form)				

Appendix D – Restorative Practices Circle Observation Tool

RESTORATIVE PRACTICES CIRCLE OBSERVATION TOOL

Date:	Time	Location	Grade	
Subject				
Number of studen	ts: Observer	Circle Typ	e Proactive	
Responsive	Academic	Circle	Format: Sequential	
Nonsequential	Topic/Subject	Circle Du	ration in Minutes	

Universal Circle Elements				
	Yes	No	N/A	
Circle Format is Explained or Modeled				
Talking piece has personal significance to the group				
Circle norms are established, reviewed, or understood				
Students are sitting or standing in a circle				
Obstacles and barriers are removed from the inside of the circle to promote connection				
Talking piece is present				
The facilitator sets a positive tone.				
The facilitator models desired responses and behavior.				
Check-In occurs (optional)				
Students participation is equitable				
Only one person talks at a time and often uses a talking piece to foster active listening and respect.				
Facilitator comes prepared with a low-risk topic.				
Students frequently build off previous circle comments in making a contribution				
Students remain focused on the explicit topic/goals introduced by the facilitator.				
The facilitator interacts with the student speaker for clarification only when				
absolutely necessary.				
The facilitator is prepared to respond to "I don't know" or "Can I pass?"				
Check-Out occurs (optional)				



MIDWEST

NETWORK

S

P B

Resources

www.PBIS.org

- ISF monograph (aligning with community partners)<u>https://www.pbis.org/school/school-mentalhealth/interconnected-systems</u>
- Technical Guide for Alignment of initiatives, programs and practices in school districts <u>http://www.pbis.org/blueprintguidestools/technical-guide</u>
- Illinois Balanced and Restorative Justice: <u>www.ibarj.org</u>
- International Insitite of Restorative Practices (IIRP): <u>http://www.iirp.edu</u>
- National Association of Community and Restorative Justice: <u>http://nacrj.org</u>



#rethinkdiscipline

Resources

- Costello, Bob, Joshua Wachtel, and Ted Wachtel. The Restorative Practices Handbook: For Teachers, Disciplinarians and Administrators.
 Bethlehem, PA: International Institute for Restorative Practices, 2009.
 Print.
- Costello, Bob, Joshua Wachtel, and Ted Wachtel. The Restorative Circles in Schools: Building Community and Enhancing Learning.
 Bethlehem, PA: International Institute for Restorative Practices, 2010.
 Print.
- Wachtel, Ted, Terry O'Connell, and Ben Wachtel. Restorative Justice Conferencing: Real Justice & The Conferencing Handbook. Bethlehem, PA: International Institute for Restorative Practices, 2010. Print.