# Deconstructing the School Based Mental Health Service Delivery Model: A Systemic Approach to Comprehensive Social Emotional Learning

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#### **Presentation One**

 School Based Mental Health Service Delivery: Supporting Students, Engaging Families, Empowering Communities

- Brandt Bechard, BA
- Janee Both Gragg, Associate Professor, School of Education, University of Redlands

#### **Presentation Two**

 Practical Applications for Increasing Mental Health Literacy in Schools: Building a Culture of Wellness

- Dr. Amber Bechard, Assistant Visiting Professor,
   School of Education, University of Redlands
- Janet Chapman Curtis, MA, PPS, Yucaipa Calimesa
   Unified School District

#### Presentation Three

- Social Emotional Learning beyond the Classroom: A Comprehensive Approach to integrating Mental Health Literacy
  - Shyrea Minton, Assistant Professor, California State
     University, Northridge
  - Anita Shirley, MA, PPS, Corona-Norco Unified School District

# SCHOOL BASED MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE DELIVERY: SUPPORTING STUDENTS, ENGAGING FAMILIES, EMPOWERING COMMUNITIES

### Health Disparities

- The systemic barriers in which health disparities are embedded include
  - Poverty (Chow, Jaffee & Snowden, 2003)
  - Political context (Williams & Jackson, 2005)
  - Sociocultural dynamics (Both Gragg & Wilson, 2011; Williams & Jackson, 2005)
  - Educational inequities (Jones & Both Gragg, 2012; Orfield & Lee, 2005)
  - Environmental conditions (Gee & Payne-Sturges, 2004)

## **Treatment Seeking Behaviors**

 The low rates at which minority or marginalized families seek mental health care has dominated treatment seeking behaviors

(Bean, Perry and Bedell, 2007; Hadjicostandi & Cheurprokobkit, 2002; Szapocznik et al., 1988; Walton, 2001; Zapata, 1998).

# Barriers to Mental Health Treatment

- Cultural differences in familial traditions
- Familial roles
- Language
- Lack of financial resources
- Insufficient knowledge about the healthcare system
- Geographic location
- Inaccessibility to resources including transportation

(Both Gragg & Wilson, 2011; Brook, 1998; Cunningham & Henggeler, 1999; Liddle & Hogue, 2000; Muirhead, 2000; Pabon, 1998)

### **Statistics**

 16 percent of all children receive mental health services

 70—80 percent of those who do, receive that care in a school setting

(Burns, Costello, Angold, Tweed, et al., 1995)

## Impact cont'd.

 Immigrant families, who cannot afford insurance and who live in drastically underserved communities are without mental health services

(Katoka, Zhang & Wells, 2002).



#### **Bottom Line**

 Many families are dependent on the school system in attempting to receive help for mental health concerns affecting the family

(Surgeon General's Executive Summary, 1999).





2. Incorporation of school and therapeutic services

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### My Story

- "I didn't want to be seen as a person who has some sort of disability."
  - -How do you see this being related to stigma
  - —did you fear or experience discrimination in the school setting

## My Story (cont'd)

- "You know, I was aware that you gotta be able to suck it up and do it."
  - —Where did you receive this message? Was it implicit or explicit?
  - -How did you do this?

## My Story (cont'd)

- School is one context yet there are bigger world implications
  - -What do you mean by this?
  - –How does the school context link to larger world implications specifically?

Practical Applications for Increasing Mental Health Literacy in Schools: Building a Culture of Wellness

## Mrs. K Likes Me



### **School Based Concerns**

- Teachers are not prepared to address mental health concerns
- CPS referrals-hesitance
- Special Education and General Education case examples
  - –John -
  - -Ben

### School Based Mental Health

- Counselors-training and expectations
- Caseloads do not align to recommendations so students are not effectively served
  - -case examples, the reality

## **Teacher Preparation**

- Pre-service credential requirement
- Mental health education across the curriculum
- In-service training and ongoing support
- Collaboration with community and professionals
- Destigmatizing
- Providing resources
- Providing spaces

Social Emotional Learning beyond the Classroom: A Comprehensive Approach to integrating Mental Health Literacy

- Joint report between the RAND Corp., CalMHSA found that students' social, emotional, and mental health are seen as moderate to severe problems in schools according to a sample of principals.
- Depending on the issue may link to the likelihood of prevention and early intervention (PEI) activities.
- 1. For Example: Principals who reported moderate to severe problems with disruptive behavior, harassment, bullying, and general social, emotional, and mental health--80-90% across school levels--indicated they were engaging in PEI activities to address issues (Kaufman, Seelam, Woodbridge, Sontag-Padilla, Osilla, & Stein, 2015).

 Compare this to engagement levels for eating disorders and family violence and abuse. 1.Less than one-half of middle school and high school principals who reported problems with these issues were implementing efforts to address the issues.

(Kaufman, Seelam, Woodbridge, Sontag-Padilla, Osilla, & Stein, 2015).

# Social & Emotional Learning (SEL) as a SBMH Program

- Much research to support the inclusion of SEL activities/curriculum within schools.
  - -Consider children's emotional experiences in stressful vs. supportive environments.
  - –Zhai, Raver, and Jones (2015) found that engagement in SEL activities or curriculum was linked to positive changes in teachers' reports of children's social skills, student-teacher relationship, and positive changes in students academic skills.

# Social Emotional Learning (SEL) Defined

 Social and emotional learning (SEL) is the process through which children and adults acquire and effectively apply the knowledge, attitudes, and skills necessary to understand and manage emotions, set and achieve positive goals, feel and show empathy for others, establish and maintain positive relationships, and make responsible decisions.

## SEL Defined (cont.)

- Long-term Goals:
  - -1: To support children's emotional and behavioral development;
  - −2: To improve the emotional climate of Schools.
- Short-term Goals:
  - -1: promote students' self-awareness, selfmanagement, social-awareness, relationship, and responsible decision-making skills;
  - -2: improve student attitudes and beliefs about self, others, and school.

# The Five (5) SEL Competencies



# The Five (5) SEL Competencies (cont.)

Self-awareness: Having the ability to recognize your emotions and thoughts, and how they influence behavior.

- What are your strengths and weaknesses or limitations?
- Do you possess a well-grounded sense of confidence and optimism?

Self-management: Having the ability to regulate your emotions, thoughts, and behaviors across various situations.

 How well do you manage stress, control your impulses, how are you motivated, are you able to set and achieve personal and academic goals?

# The Five (5) SEL Competencies (cont.)

Social awareness: Empathy for others

 Having the ability to take the perspective of others, and empathize with others from diverse backgrounds and cultures.

Relationship skills: Having the ability to establish and maintain healthy and rewarding relationships with diverse individuals and groups.

 Communicating clearly, engaging in active listening, resisting inappropriate social pressure, negotiating conflict constructively, seeking and offering help when needed.

# The Five (5) SEL Competencies (cont.)

Responsible decision making: Making constructive and respectful choices related to personal behavior and social interactions.

 Considering ethical standards, safety, social norms, the well-being other others.

## SEL Three (3) Tier Model

#### Tier 3 - Top 5% of the Population

- Facilitate Specific Interventions
  - After Intervention then refer

#### Tier 2 - 5-15% of the Population

- Small Targeted Groups
- Serve students in purposeful way

#### Tier 1 - Universal - All Students - Preventative

- Classroom Guidance Lessons
  - Check in Check out

## Example

#### Tier 3 - Individual and Refer out

- 1 on 1 counseling
- Refer to outside therapy

#### Tier 2 - Small Groups

- Social Skills Friendship, Problem
   Solving/Conflict Resolution, Bullying 101
- Emotion Management Calming Down
   Techniques, Mindfulness, Anger Management,
   Greif/Loss

#### <u>Tier 1 - Classroom Lessons</u>

- Social Skills
- Emotion Management

### **James**

- 4th grade class presentation on Calming Down Techniques
- Teacher identified 4th grade student for small group because he was crying/hiding under the desk most of the day
- Student went through 8 week session of Emotion Management with School Counselor
- After 8 weeks of small group counseling behaviors lessoned but did not totally subside
- School Counselor conferenced with student and parent to continue with 1 on 1 counseling
- School Counselor and parent were not seeing much progress after 6 more weeks of counseling
- Student was referred out to an outside therapist
- Counselor checked in with student periodically
  - Parents Divorced Strained relationship with Father
  - Cocktail of Medications for: Anxiety, Depression, ADD
  - Did Neuro brainwave therapy
  - Placed on IEP in 11th grade
  - Attending College

## Angela

- Identified during school wide Suicide Prevention Week
- Attended multiple small group counseling sessions
- Did individual School Counseling with Safety Violence Prevention Counselor
- Referred to Marriage Family Therapist for one on one counseling
- Sent to UNITY Camp
- Set up with a Mentor
  - Complex Trauma
  - Suicidal Ideation
  - Self Injurious Behavior
  - Substance Abuse
  - Grief and Loss
  - Borderline Personality Disorder
  - Multiple Suicide attempts starting 3rd grade
  - Attending College to be a Pediatric Nurse

# Barriers to Seeking Mental Health Services

- Stigma around mental health
- No knowledge about what the school can offer to students
- Lack of School Counselors to do interventions before therapy
- Pulling students from class is limited due to strong push for academics
- Lack of transportation
- Fear of deportation
- No insurance/money
- Don't think it will work



#### **SEL Outcomes**

#### **SEL Approaches**

- Explicit SEL Skills
   Instruction
- Integration with Academic Curriculum Areas
- Teacher Instructional Practices



SEL Skill Acquisition: Five Competence Areas



Improved Attitudes about Self, Others, and Schools



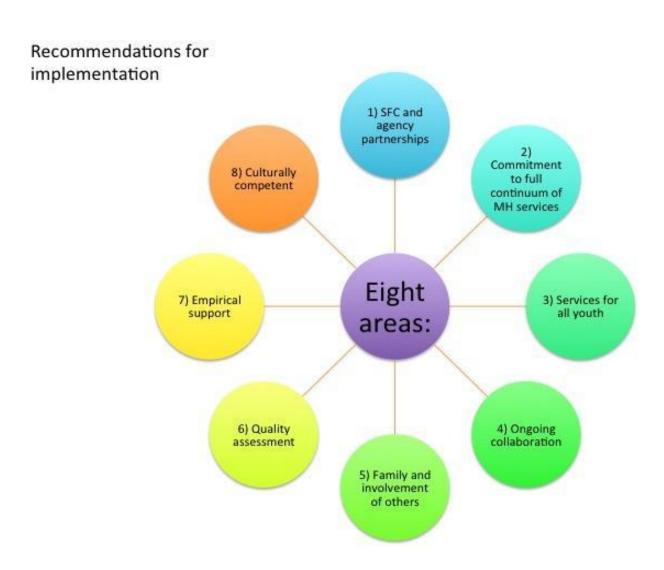
Fewer Conduct Problems

Positive Social Behavior

Less Emotional Distress

Academic Success

## **Engagement of Stakeholders**



- -Encourage schools and districts to align school caseloads to recommendations
- -Develop protocol for integrating mental health awareness into teacher preparation programs
- -Build inservice teacher capacity by providing explicit lesson plans that integrate specific mental health domains in Health Education Standards
- -Develop collaborations for school-homecommunity sharing of valid resources related to mental health assisstance